

1.	Title	Caring for patients with acute medical conditions
2.	Description (Specifications and limitations)	Setting: • Home, ambulatory, telemedicine (telephone, video) • Hospital, other institutions, nursing home Time frame: starts with the first patient-related contact, until resolution, effective treatment, or referral Includes the following tasks:
		 Perform an initial assessment Develop a management plan Plan the follow up
		 Refer to appropriate structure if needed Excludes: unstable patients (EPA2), resuscitation, chronic patients (EPA 3), perioperative care (EPA 11), preventive care (EPA 6)
3.	Potential risks in case of failure	Threat to patient health and safety, Threat to trainee if inadequately supervised.
4.	Most relevant Competency Domains (emphasis)	Medical ExpertCommunicatorProfessional
5.	Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key as- pects	 Knowledge and skills: Recognizes clinical presentations of acute conditions Generates and prioritizes differential diagnosis Applies diagnostic and prognostic scores if relevant Explains the relevant pathophysiological changes in acute situations Developes, judges and communicates management plans (diagnostic work-up and treatments) Analyses competing treatment needs Anticipates and communicates potential complications and prognosis Assesses the efficacy and appropriateness of the treatment Applies clinical reasoning Appraises uncertainty in clinical reasoning
		Attitude:

6.	Information sources to assess progress	 Favours collaboration and team work between health professionals Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients and their relatives Engages patients and/or their relatives in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed Direct observation Case presentation and case-based discussion Chart record analysis Multisource feedback
7.	pervision Level ex- pected at the end of training:	Supervise others (Level 5)
8.	Expiration date	NA NA



1. Title	Caring for patients with unstable conditions
Description (Specifications and limitations)	Recognize and provide <u>initial</u> management to critically ill patients presenting with severe symptoms that pose an immediate threat to their life or vital organ function.
	 Setting: Home, ambulatory Hospital, other institutions, nursing home Timeframe: from first contact to stabilization of condition or until handover.
	 Includes the following tasks: Perform an initial assessment Develop a management plan according to patients and relatives advanced care planning Start initial stabilisation (incl. CPR) Refer/admit to higher level of care if needed (ICU, intermediate care unit)
	Excludes: Managing ICU patients, Intubation
3. Potential risks in	Threat to patient safety, incl. pending death. Threat to trainee
case of failure	if inadequately supervised.
4. Most relevant Com-	Medical Expert
petency Domains	Collaborator
E Vravdadra Skilla	Communicator Communi
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude	 Knowledge and Skills: Explains the pathophysiological changes that occur in critical illness. Considers and responds to the pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and drug interactions of medications (including vasoactive agents, sedatives, analgesics, antimicrobials)
	 Applies currently in use resuscitation algorithms, including Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR), Basic Life Support (BLS), Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS) Provides a correctly prioritized list of differential diagnosis in a given unstable patient situation Develops an initial plan, respecting the patient's and/or relatives preferences and advance care plans

	 Recognizes unstable patients requiring referral for higher level of care (ICU, IMC) and helps organizing the admission Stabilizes critically ill or acutely deteriorating patients Performs necessary non-invasive and invasive diagnostic and therapeutic medical procedures Manages basic invasive and non-invasive techniques for monitoring hemodynamic parameters
	Attitude:
	Copes with stress and remains focused
	 Considers ethical principles, and legal aspects of critical care, including informed consent, capacity assessment, and advanced care planning
	Seeks collaboration and teamwork between health professionals
	 Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	 Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information sources	Direct observation
to assess progress	Case-based discussions
	Multisource feedback
	Simulation training
7. Entrustment/ Super-	Initial assessment: Supervise others (Level 5)
vision Level ex-	Management: Distant supervision (Level 4)
pected at the end of training:	- , , ,
8. Expiration date	NA





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1. Title	Caring for patients with chronic conditions
2. Description	Setting:
(Specifications and	Home, ambulatory, telemedicine (telephone, video)
limitations)	Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	T' f
	Timeframe:
	 From patient's announcement or first patient contact until diagnosis and/or treatment decision
	A defined period of care within a longitudinal follow-up (i.e. one encounter).
	Includes the following tasks:
	Diagnose, assess, and manage chronic conditions
	 Detect worsening or exacerbations within the chronic conditions
	 Provide continuity, coordination and comprehensiveness of care
	 Involve other healthcare professionals, organizations and formal
	and informal care givers (relatives etc)
	Support patient self-management
	Excludes:
	acute conditions (EPA 1unstable conditions (EPA2), palliative pa-
	tients (EPA 4),), vulnerable patients (5), Leading interprofessional
	healcare teams (EPA 13); Managing handover and transition of
	care (EPA8) Documentin patient-related medical information
	(EPA9), Managing legal and insurance issues (EPA 15), Manage-
	ment of an ambulatory practice (EPA 16).
3. Potential risks in	Threat to patient safety.
case of failure	
4. Most relevant Com-	 Communicator
petency Domains	 Collaborator
(emphasis)	 Professional
	 Health advocate
5. Knowledge, Skills,	Knowledge and skills:
Attitude: key as-	 Recognizes symptoms and signs of chronic problems
pects	 Recognizes change of chronic symptoms into an acute condition
	 Integrates clinical evidence in shared decision making
	Manages uncertainty and uses time as an ally

		 Formulates management plans integrating simultaneous chronic conditions and set up priorities with patient involvement (advanced care planning) Includes informal care givers Ensures follow-up in coordination with other health professionals involved Refers to other specialists if needed and according to own therapeutic limits Demonstrates resources stewardship in clinical care and addresses competing treatment needs Evaluates and adapts polypharmacy and possible medical interactions Facilitates transitions across the healthcare continuum (care location, human and financial resources, and care coordination)
		Attitude
		 Helps patients and their relatives acquire the skills and confidence to manage their chronic illness Respects patient's autonomy Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients and/or their relatives Engages patients, their families/relatives in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences Documents in an accurate, complete, timely, and accessible manner Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality, Demonstrate openness to feedback and opinions of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6.	Information sources	Direct observation
	to assess progress	Case presentation and case-based discussion
		Evaluation of work product (chart records etc) Multipayroo foodbook
7	Entructment/ Suner	Multisource feedback supervise others (Level 5)
'-	Entrustment/ Super- vision Level ex-	supervise others (Level 5)
	pected at the end of	
	training:	
8.	Expiration date	NA
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1. Title	Caring for patients with palliative / end-of-life conditions
2. Description	Improving quality of life of patients and relatives facing challenges
(Specifications and	associated with life-threatening illness, whether physical, psycholog-
limitations)	ical, social, or spiritual.
	 Setting: Home, ambulatory, telemedicine (telephone, video) Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Time frame:
	from first contact with patients until effective control of symptoms, treatment, referral, or death
	A defined period of care within a longitudinal follow-up (i.e. one encounter).
	Includes the following tasks:
	Manage patients with palliative and/or end of life conditions
	Manage palliative care emergencies
	Manage withdrawal of life-sustaining therapies
	Manage imminent death
	Support patients and/or their families/relatives
	Excludes: NA
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Inadequate patient care, poor quality of life, feeling of being neglected or abandoned (including relative's distress)
4. Most relevant Com-	Communicator
petency Domains	Collaborator
(emphasis)	o Professional
5. Knowledge, Skills,	Knowledge and skills:
Attitude: key as-	Recognizes semiology of palliative/end-of-life conditions
pects	Applies appropriate assessment scales (pain, frailty)
	Lists principles of pharmacological and non-pharmaclogical ap-
	proaches, for pain and non-pain symptoms
	Develops and implements plans to provide comprehensive management for the full spectrum of pain and non-pain syndromes.
	Manages acute conditions needing an immediate adaptation of
	the treatment plan
	Communicates about goals of care and prognosis
	Addresses medical uncertainty

	 Supports patients and/or their relatives in the psychosocial/spir-itual/existential/cultural domains Coordinates and facilitates transitions across the healthcare continuum (care location, human and financial resources, and care coordination) Addresses requests for assisted suicide
	Attitudes:
	Appreciates the importance of symptom management in diminishing suffering and improving quality of life
	Favours collaboration and team work between health professionals
	 Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude to- wards patients and their relatives
	 Explores and supports patients and their relatives in developing plans that reflect their medical and non-medical needs and pref- erences
	 Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	 Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
1. Information sources	Direct observation
to assess progress	Evalutation of work product (chart records etc)
	Multisource feedback
	Simulation training
6. Entrustment/ Super-	Supervise others (Level 5)
vision Level ex-	
pected at the end of	
training:	NΙΔ
7. Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Caring for patients in situations of vulnerability
	<u> </u>
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Refers to the management of patients presenting one or more health-related vulnerability factors that put them at risk of unequal care (e.g. patients exposed to domestic violence, LGBTIQA+ population, forced migrant populations, sex workers, frequent emergency department users etc). They are characterised by a situation of global clinical vulnerability and unusual complexity.
	Setting:
	Home, ambulatory,
	Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Time frame:
	 from the first patient-related contact, until resolution, effective treatment, or referral.
	A defined period of care within a longitudinal follow-up (i.e. one encounter).
	Includes the following tasks:
	 Identify a situation of global clinical vulnerability, unusual complexity and specific needs in patients Adapt care accordingly
	Excludes: Managing legal and insurance issues (EPA 15); Documenting patient-related medical infomration (EPA 9)
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Inequity in the access to healthcare.
4. Most relevant Com-	Health advocate
petency Domains	Communicator
(emphasis)	Collaborator
5. Knowledge, Skills,	Knowledge and skills:
Attitude: key as-	Recognizes patients at risk of unequal care
pects	Assesses barriers to access healthcare services (e.g. lin-
	guistic barriers, ethnicity, social, material or relational pre- carity, physical or cognitive/intellectual disabilities, addic- tions)
	 Assesses patient knowledge, expectations, and needs in terms of treatment of symptoms, diseases and illnesses

	 Accommodates the clinical encounter to patient needs by taking into account patient health-literacy, cognitive/ functional disabilities or language and cultural differences (incluse of professional interpreters) Explores the patient social environment Adapts the management and care plan according to the patients and /or the relatives needs Collaborates with other healthcare or social professionals (specialized nurses, social service, associations,)
	 Attitude: Appraises the increased risk for vulnerable people to have their interests unequally considered and have limited access to healthcare resources Avoids prejudice (bias, stereotypes) Integrates ethical principles, and legal aspects of critical care, including informed consent and capacity assessment Fosters collaboration and team work between health professionals Demonstrates an empathetic, open and receptive attitude towards colleagues in the health professions Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, and collegiality, as well as cultural humility and cultural competence. Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information sources to assess progress	 Direct observation Case presentation and case-based discussion Evaluation of products (chart records etc) Reflective Practice
7. Entrustment/ Supervision Level expected at end of training. 8. Expiration date	Distant supervision (Level 4) NA





1. Title	Providing health promotion and preventive care consultations
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Setting: Home, ambulatory, telemedicine (telephone, video) hospital or other institutions (incl. rehabilitation), nursing home
	Timeframe: From the beginning to the end of a single consultation
	 Includes the following tasks: Recognize opportunities for addressing health promotion and preventive/screening issues Provision of recommended, age-appropriate screening, preventive care and health promotion Provide evidence-based informations (benefits, risks and alternatives of screening tests a/o prevention strategies) Plan the selected preventive/screening measures and follow-up
2 Detential vials in	Excludes: public/conference contributions
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Impaired patient quality of life. Threat to public health.
4. Most relevant Competency Domains (emphasis)	Health AdvocateCommunicator
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key as- pects	 Knowledge and skills: Assesses patients' knowledge about their health/wellness Counsels health promotion strategies (primary prevention). Detects illness in early, treatable stages (secondary prevention). Utilizes pharmacologic and non-pharma measures to minimize risk factors for disease progression and complications (tertiary prevention). Avoids measures leading to overmedicalization (quaternary prevention). Educates and empowers patients. Uses shared decision making and motivational interviewing skills to involve and empower patients while respecting their autonomy

	Provides evidence-based and patient oriented information
	material from providers and authorities in relation to preventive activities.
	Attitudes:
	 Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients and/or their relatives.
	Supports the engagement of patients and their relatives in developing health care plans that reflect the patients' health care needs, functional status and preferences
	Shows awareness towards disparities in health care among different patient-populations that can impact their medical care.
	Demonstrates respect for patient's autonomy
	Shows scientific curiosity
	Demonstrates professionalism: rigor, transparency, integrity, reliability, reflectivity
	Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others
	Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information sources	Direct observation
to assess progress	Case presentation and case-based discussion
	evalutation of work products (chart records etc)
	Multisource feedback
7. Entrustment/ Super-	
vision Level ex-	Supervise others (Level 5)
pected at the end of	, ,
training	
8. Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Processing scientific medical information for a clinical sit-
	uation
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Setting: patient care (e.g. management plan), structured presentations, scientific project Time frame: Starts with a clinical/scientific question and ends
	with the use of the information, ie. treatment plan, presentation, teaching session etc.
	 Includes the following tasks: frame a relevant question search and access reliable information critically appraise the information summarize and present the information apply the information according to the initial need and setting
	Excludes: Teaching and supervising (EPA 17)
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Inadequate patient care, poor scientific research
4. Most relevant Competency Domains (emphasis)	Scholar
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key as- pects	 Knowledge and skills: Recognizes the principles of evidence-based medicine (e.g. levels of evidence, etc.) Identifies reliable databases incl. Al-support, videos, literature, medical databases Adapts databases selection to the question applies basic statistics Crosschecks information from different databases Retrieves the relevant information Synthetically presents the information Adapts and applies the retrieved information to the situation if needed Attitudes:
	Demonstrates scientific curiosity,

	 Demonstrates professionalism: rigor, humility, transparency, integrity, reliability, reflectivity Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of others
6. Information sources to assess progress	 Analysis of the quality of the retrieved/presented materials or information Direct observation (e.g.journal club, Discussions) Case-based discussion
7. Entrustment/ Supervision Level expected at the end of training:	Supervise others (Level 5)
8. Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Managing transitions of care
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	This EPA describes two different types of transitions: 1. Handovers (the transfer of responsibility between healthcare professionals within the same care settings) 2. Transition of care: The transition across different settings to ensure the continuity of patient care.
	Setting:Home, ambulatoryHospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Timeframe: starts with the decision of transfer/ discharge until the moment the transition is completed
	 Includes the following tasks: Collect missing relevant medical information (e.g., treatments, prior illnesses) Ensure reconciliation of medication Perform oral and written handover to the next healthcare providers within the same care settings Transmit oral and written information to the next healthcare providers and/or to patients/proxies Excludes: Managing legal and insurance related issues
	(EPA 15).
2. Potential risks in case of failure	Avoidable readmissions and prolongation of stay. Avoidable costs from the inadequate use of resources.
3. Most relevant Competency Domains	CommunicatorCollaboratorLeader/Manager
<u>4.</u> Knowledge, Skills, Attitude	 Knowledge/Skills: identifies information required for the handover a/o transition (as information provider) critically appraises the information obtained (as information receiver) provides relevant and structured oral and written medical information (including care plan and advanced directives)

	 assesses the patient' functional and cognitive status, social and healthcare needs to anticipate potential barriers/problems at the transition of care uses the local healthcare and social resources to facilitate the transition collaborates with the social and healthcare providers involved conducts a discharge interview with the patient selects the appropriate transfer modality (e.g., ambulance)
	Attitude:
	 recognizes the transition of care settings as an interpro- fessional task, integrating the suggestions of the differ- ent stakeholders
	 demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive atti- tude towards patients and/or their relatives
	supports patients and their relatives in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs, functional status and preferences
	demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive in- volvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	demonstrates openess to feedback and opinions of others
	Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
5. Information sources to	Direct observation
assess progress	evalutation of work product (chart records etc)
	Structured case discussions/ Debriefing sessions
	Multi-source feedback
6. Entrustment/Supervi-	
sion Level expected at	Supervise others (Level 5)
the end of training	NIA
<u>7.</u> Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Documenting patients medical information
Description (Specifications and limitations)	Setting: Home, ambulatory, telemedicine (telephone, e-mails, video) Hospital, other institutions, nursing home Timeframe: Starts with the documentation of the clinical encounter and ends with the completion of the relevant written summary
	 Includes the following tasks: Identify, prioritize and synthesize relevant elements of the clinical encounter (in patient charts etc) Update clinical documentation Write a medical report (e.g. referral letter, discharge letter, follow up notes, consultation report, etc)
	Excludes: expertise report (= needs expertise in the field); support the patient in writing advanced directives; Legal documents (EPA 15)
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Threat tocontinuitiy of care, or to the institution.
4. Most relevant Competency Domains (emphasis)	 Communicator (written documentation) Medical Expert Professional
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key aspects	 Knowledge and Skills: Identify and synthesize relevant biomedical and psychosocial information Report an accurate representation of a specific patient's clinical picture Describe the underlying clinical reasoning, when needed Write an accurate, concise and well-organized medical information adapted to the context (EHR; letter; etc) and the readers Describes the rules needed to protect patient data when documentation is meant to be sent out

	 Documents in a patient-centered manner, when documentation done in the presence of the patient. Use the capabilities of the IT Systems and ensure data protection
	Attitudes
	Fosters timely documentation
	Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive in-
	volvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information sources to as-	Evalauation of work product (chart records etc)
sess progress	Multisource feedback
7. Entrustment/Supervision	
Level expected at the end	Supervise others (Level 5)
of training	
8. Expiration date	NA



1. Title	Leading specific conversations with patients and/or relatives
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Conduct a conversation in situations requiring specific approaches and skills: such as-breaking bad news, shared-decision making and motivational interviewing f.ex.
	 Setting: Home, ambulatory, on call shifts Hospital, other institutions, nursing home Time frame: from preparation until the end of the dialog/meeting or debriefing
3. Potential risks in	 Includes the following tasks Prepare collecting all information needed Chose the specific techniques according to the task Conduct the conversation Reflect on the effect of the task Excludes: transition of care (EPA8), conflict with colleagues (EPA 13), discharge conversations, insurance issues (EPA 15), diclosing medical errors EPA 14. neglecting patients` and participants preferences and emotional
4. Most relevant Competency Do- mains (emphasis)	 distress. Communicator Professional (respect of ethical and legal issues)
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key as- pects	 Knowledge and skills: Communicates using a patient-centered approach that encourages patient trust and autonomy Describes key elements and steps of specific communication techniques (e.g.SPIKES model etc) Adapts the physical environment for patient comfort, dignity, privacy, engagement, and safety Evaluates with the patient how relatives should be included in the communication loop. Recognizes patient and/or relatives values, perspectives and/or unexpressed concerns and adapts the approach to the patient accordingly

	 Responds to a patient's and /or relatives non-verbal behaviours to enhance communication Responds to disagreements and emotionally charged conversations
	Attitudes:
	 Demonstrates an empathetic, open and receptive attitude to- wards patients and/or their relatives
	Engages patients and their relatives in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences
	Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involve- ment, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of others
	Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information	Direct observation
sources to assess	Multisource feedback
progress	Reflective practice
	Simulation
7. Entrustment/ Su-	
pervision Level ex-	Distant supervision (Level 4)
pected at the end	. , , ,
of training	
8. Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Providing perioperative care
2. Description	Setting:
(Specifications and limitations)	Ambulatory, Hospital
	Time frame:
	from decision to have surgery until transition of care to the anes-
	thesia team and from transition of care from anesthesia team until recovery.
	Includes the following tasks:
	Ensure the necessary preoperative assessments.
	Optimization of the patient's condition perioperatively
	Cover the necessary postoperative follow ups
	Excludes: intraoperative care, complications requesting surgery, legal and insurance issues
3. Potential risks in case of failure	uneccessary perioperative medical complications
4. Most relevant	Medical Expert
Competency Do-	Collaborator
mains (empha-	Communicator
sis)	
5. Knowledge,	Knowledge and skills:
Skills, Attitude: key aspects	 Identifies preoperatory clinical predictors and risk factors for medical complications of surgery using the appropriate deci- sion-support tools/scores
	Reviews and optimizes the preoperative medical condition and pharmacotherapy
	 Verifies the presence of patient's advanced directive
	Recognizes most common postoperative medical complica-
	tions (eg glucose disturbances, blood pressure variations, pain etc)
	Supports the surgical team with follow up visits after hospital discharge until recovery
	Ensures out-of-hospital postoperative wound care
	Ensures the care of common postoperative complications in cooperation with the surgical team
	Attitude:
	Establishes collaboration with the perioperative team (surgical and anaesthesia colleagues)

	<u></u>
	 Verifies the patient's and/or their relative's comprehension of the surgical procedure and of the postoperative period Engages patients and/or their relatives in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients and/or their relatives Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality, awareness of own limits Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of others Seeks help if needed
6. Information	Direct observation
sources to as-	Case presentation and case-based discussion
sess progress	Feedback from the involved team (surgery, anaesthesia)
7. Entrustment/ Su-	Distant supervision (Level 4)
pervision Level	
expected	
8. Expiry date	NA



1. Title	Conducting ward rounds
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Setting: Medical ward (in-hospital or other institutions)
,	Timeframe: starts with round preparation until end of round / debriefing
	 Includes the following tasks: Preparation of the round Leading the round Debriefing the round
	Excludes: case presentation, interprofessional chart review (contre-visite, controgiro, Kardex® Visite)
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Inadequate patient care, threat to healthcare teamwork, to the institution.
4. Most relevant Competency Do- mains (emphasis)	Leader/ManagerCommunicatorCollaborator
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude	 Knowledge and skills: Gets familiar with present information about the patients to be seen Practices patient-centered, focused collection of actual state of health information and focused physical examination Develops and evaluates diagnostic hypotheses Applies clinical reasoning and copes with concomitant uncertainty Discusses the further management, the therapeutic goals and the discharge from the hospital with all persons involved Recognizes the priorities and is able to handle interruptions and urgencies Plans and uses the pre-determined time frame for rounds with respect to patients' needs and complexity Encourages participation of nurses, students and other health care professionals Plans further management steps according to the information and decisions from the ward round Attitudes: Demonstrates calmness and flexibility
	Demonstrates carriness and flexibility Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients, relatives, and team members

	Engages patients in developing plans that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences
	 Demonstrates reliable behavior towards the ward round team and the patients
	 Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality
	Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of other
	Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed
6. Information	Direct observation
sources to as-	Multisource feedback
sess progress	Reflective practice
7. Entrustment/ Su-	Supervise others (Level 5)
pervision Level	
expected	
8. Expiration date	NA



1. Title	Leading interprofessional health care team activities
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Leading interprofessional health care teams during planned or "ad hoc" activities with or without the patient. These activities include any inter- and intraprofessional teamwork related to patient care (incl. huddles, debriefings, team discussions of complex situations)
	 Setting: Home, ambulatory, Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Timeframe: begins with the planning of the health care team activity and finishes with its dissolution, once the objective is attained.
	 Includes the following tasks: Lead and facilitate health care team meetings (e.g. work organisation issues)
	Address and resolve disagreements with other caregivers and colleagues
	 Lead a team in a patient management situation Organize work and time management of health care teams
	Excludes: Working groups not directed to patient care.
3. Potential risks in case of failure	Ineffective team dynamics. Unsolved intrapersonal conflicts
4. Most relevant	Leader
Competency Do- mains	Collaborator
5. Knowledge,	Communicator Knowledge and Skills:
Skills, Attitude	Identifies the principles of effective teamwork, including the need for a shared vision of the situation
	Identifies which professionals are needed to achieve the ob- inctive and their roles and reappropriations.
	jective and their roles and responsibilities • Demonstrates good practice in team communication, feed-
	back, management of team dynamics and conflict
	 Sets an agenda to ensures time management of the session Supports the team in setting goals, priorities or objectives (e.g. SMART: specific; measurable; achievable; relevant and timebound)
	Anticipates need of the team members and responds timely to changes (situational awareness)

	 Involves every team member Coordinates the work of the team members and delegates tasks among team members (including session documentation) Ensure team cohesion and can be supported by validated approaches (eg. TeamSTEPPS) Facilitates collaborative problem-solving and consensual decision-making in the team Organizes the team work ahead of the meeting and prioritizes the actions to be undertaken
	 Attitude: Demonstrates reflectivity towards one's own leadership skills Demonstrates an empathetic, open and receptive attitude towards colleagues in the health professions Supports positive and inclusive team culture Takes into account the perspectives of the various team members, the key elements of the context surrounding the achievement of the objectives Demonstrates accountability towards teamwork results Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality, awareness of own limits Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others Seeks help if needed
6. Information sources to assess progress	 Direct observation Simulation multisource feedback
7. Entrustment/ Supervision Level expected at the end of training 8. Expiration date	Supervise others (level 5) NA





1. Title	Managing critical incidents regarding patient safety
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	Refers to the management of errors, near misses and adverse events at patient level. Setting: Home, ambulatory,
	Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Timeframe: starts with the recognition of a patient-level critical incident and ends with the discussion and analysis of the event
	 Includes the following tasks: Identify, report, analyze, document near misses and critical incidents
	Disclose errors to patientsAddress strategies to avoid recurrence
	Excluding: Incidences without resolution possibliities at the Institutional level, incidence management on a hospital or national /political level
Potential risks in case of failure	Legal consequences to the institution; recurrence of similar events.
4. Most relevant Competency Do- mains (emphasis)	ProfessionalCommunicatorLeader/Manager
5. Knowledge,	Knowledge and Skills:
Skills, Attitude	 Defines the different types of patient safety incidents and recognizes them in his/her professional practice. Differentiates unavoidable clinical outcomes related to a disconsiderate and professional practice.
	 ease or its management, from avoidable outcomes releated to medical activities Is aware of at what level the incidence has to be reported and dealt with and how to seek advice and help.
	 Demonstrates knowledge of relevant legal and institutional policies.

	Provides timely factual communications about the occurrence
	and reasons for a patient safety incident, as they become known.
	Appologies in an appropriate way
	Supports the team and other health providers affected by the patient safety incident.
	Supports team in disclosure communications.
	Documents patient safety incidents and their disclosure in the patient's health record
	Attitude
	Accepts the personal obligation to disclose patient safety incidents in accordance with codes of ethics, professionalism, organization, regulatory policies, and legislation.
	Self-reflects and learns from patient safety incidents to prevent their recurrence.
	Has courage and will to speak up.
	Engages in maintaining trust in the patient–physician relation- ship (transparency, honesty, etc).
	Partners with patients and/or families to meet their clinical, emotional and information needs.
	Is aware of own behaviours after the event (second victim).
	Engages in self-care and healthy coping strategies to deal with the incident.
	Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality, awareness of own limits
	Demonstrate openness to feedback and opinions of others
	Seeks help if needed.
6. Information	Direct observations
sources to assess	Case presentation and chart review
progress	Simulation training
	Debriefing sessions, Morbidity-mortality sessions; Clinical- attacks as a few as a second s
7 Entwoods and Occ	pathologic conferences
7. Entrustment/ Supervision Level ex-	Distant supervision (Level 4)
pected at the end	Distant Supervision (Level +)
of training:	
8. Expiration date	NA





1. Title	Providing health-related legal documents
2. Description	Setting:
(Specifications and	Home, ambulatory
limitations)	Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Time frame: single and/or periodic assessment of patient disability until resolution or legal/health insurance related decision.
	Includes the tasks:
	Assess work or functional capacity
	Assess invalidity
	Assess capacity of discernment
	Complete a medical report or (death) certificate
	•
	Excludes: NA
3. Potential risks in	Threat to patient rights and society. Threat to the physician legal
case of failure	integrity.
4. Most relevant Com-	Collaborator
petency Domains	 Professional (respect of ethical and legal issues)
(emphasis)	Health Advocate
5. Knowledge, Skills,	Knowledge and skills:
Attitude: key as-	Knows the legal and professional responsibilities/ conse-
pects	quences related to writing certificates and reports
	 Collects information (patient history taking, physical examination, and test results) for a full assessment of the different dimensions of disability
	 Collects additional information from key stakeholders for assessment completion
	 Uses the appropriate form content and wording according to the type of certificate/report requested.
	Contextualizes the findings in a reasonable manner
	Work capacity
	 Knows legal standards required for medical certificate of sick leave and medical certificate of good health
	 Assesses patient required working capacity by assessing physical and/or mental impairments
	Invalidity
	Understands the concept of invalidity and principles rul- ing/regulating invalidity
	 Knows the different disability insurance support measures

	Discernment
	 Understands the concept of capacity of discernment Assesses patient capacity of discernment using specific criteria Knows the types of supports and resources available for patients needing measures of protection of their health Death Assesses death of a patient Draws up a death certificate or statement
	 Attitude: Reports honestly and not misleading Respects legal standards and rules of practice Proceeds in a completely free and objective manner Respect spatient's right to confidentiality unless released from it Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude towards patients and/or their relatives Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of others
6. Information sources to assess progress	 Seeks help if needed Direct observation Case presentation and case-based discussion Written document (reports) analysis
7. Entrustment/ Supervision Level expected at the end of training	Supervise others (level 5)
8. Expiration date	NA





4	
1. Title	Managing the administrative/organisational aspects of an ambulatory practice
2. Description (Specifications and limitations)	This EPA focuses on the organizational aspects of a working day in an ambulatory practice and not on patient care: managing daily planned and unplanned consultations, calls, emails, administrative work; allocating responsibilities within team
	Setting: Solo or group practice or medical center
	Time frame:
	From the beginning to the end of a unit of work (e g work-day, weekly or monthly schedule
	Includes the tasks:
	Manages the daily workflow for all the members of the
	team Manages the billing of clinical and administrative tasks
	 Manages the billing of clinical and administrative tasks priorities and organizes a schedule for consultations
	Excludes:
	Leading interprofessional Teams (EPA13), Leading conversation with patients (EPA 10); Providing health related legal documents (EPA 15)
3. Potential risks in	threat of physician safety/autonomy. Threat to practice func-
case of failure	tioning. Threat to the trainee if inadequately supervised
4. Most relevant Com-	Leader/manager
petency Domains (em-	Collaborator
phasis)	Professional (respect of ethical and legal issues)
5. Knowledge, Skills, Attitude: key aspects	Knowledge and skills:Recognizes the different types and modalities of ambula-
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	tory practices and their financial and legal implications
	Explains the different type of patient health insurance modalities
	 Describes the requirements of maintenance of technical equipment/material and IT according to security, legal and ethical principles Manages daily consultations and activities in a timely manner (preparation, planned and unplanned consultations, phone/video call, emails/text messages, administrative work). Uses the federal medical tariff system for billing.

	Makes balanced choices about use of available resources. Communicates with team members of the healthcare present.
	Communicates with team members of the healthcare practice
	Delegates tasks and responsibilities to other team mem-
	bers
	Sets priorities
	Creates and maintains a network of specialists and health/special professionals
	health/social professionals. Uses information technologies (IT/EMR)
	Creates and maintains a network of specialists and
	health/social professionals
	·
	Attitudes:
	 Respects legal standards and rules regarding practice management and patient confidentiality.
	 Creates safe and trustful working environment.
	Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involve-
	ment, integrity, reliability, collegiality, awareness of own
	limits
	Remains calm and manages own emotions of stress
	Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinions of others
	Acknowledges own limits and resources.
	Seeks help if needed
6. Information sources	Multisource feedback (controlling, medical personnel in the
to assess progress	practice)
	Direct observation Written decument (reports) analysis (time ashedule work)
	 Written document (reports) analysis (time schedule, working hours)
	Reflective practice
7. Entrustment/ Super-	'
vision Level expected	Indirect supervision (Level 3 for Hospitalists)
at the end of training	Distant supervision (Level 4 for family doctors)
8. Expiration date	NA
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1. Title	Perform clinical teaching
2. Description	clinical (informal, not scheduled) and non clinical context
(Specifications and lim-	(formal, scheduled) with students, peers and other health
itations)	professionals in a clinical environment
	Timeframe: starts with a situation involving a learner, ends
	with the end of the learning situation
	Includes the following tasks:
	recognize teachable moments
	provide coaching to daily activies
	teach
	evaluate
	Excludes: NA
3. Potential risks in case	Inadequate training of learners, poor quality of training cen-
of failure	ter,
4. Most relevant Compe-	Scholar
tency Domains (empha-	Professional
sis)	Communicator
5. Knowledge, Skills, Atti-	Knowledge and skills:
tude: key aspects	Prepares teaching activities
	Knows, uses and illustrates basic principles of adult
	learning
	Explores learners' needs Activities prior (new declare)
	Activates prior knowledge Adopte the took to the learners' level.
	Adapts the task to the learners' level Supervises learners performing a task
	Supervises learners performing a task Engages learners in their own clinical reasoning.
	Engages learners in their own clinical reasoningProvides feedback and assessment of performance
	Demonstrates explicit role modelling
	Promotes using evidence in teaching activities
	1 Tomotes using evidence in teaching activities
	Attitudes:
	Demonstrates enthusiasm, curiosity, accessibility, empa-
	thy, support, respect to the learner
	Demonstrates awareness of own limitations and is not
	afraid to say, "I don't know."
	Develops and documents a reflective attitude towards
	learning and education

 Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involvement, integrity, reliability, collegiality Demonstrates opennes to feedback and opinions of others Is aware of own limits and seeks help if needed Direct observation Teaching-based discussion (regarding teaching strategies and tools used to stimulate learners' clinical reasoning) Multisource feedback
Distant supervision (Level 4) NA



1. Title	Performing technical procedures
2. Description	Setting:
(Specifications and	Home, ambulatory
limitations)	 Hospital, other institutions, nursing home
	Troopital, out of mondations, flatoning from
	Timeframe: from indication for procedure until documentation
	and interpretation of generated results or end of the proce-
	dure/postinterventional follow-up
	· ·
	Includes the following tasks:
	Preparation
	Performance of procedure
	Interpretation of results
	Documentation
	Excludes: POCUS, Sonography
3. Potential risks in	Threat to patient safety Threat to the trainee if inadequately
case of failure	supervised.
4. Most relevant Com-	○ Collaborator
petency Domains	o Communicator
(emphasis)	o Professional
5. Knowledge, Skills,	Knowledge and Skills:
Attitude: key as-	Integrates all relevant information about the patient neces-
pects	sary for the procedure
	Selects the appropriate method and laboratory tests
	Assesses indications and contraindications
	Anticipates potential complications
	Communicates adequately with the patient and in team
	Obtains informed consent if required
	Explains the procedure and possible alternatives
	is able to explain and balance competing requirements
	Is able to apply proper sequence of intraprocedural steps
	Is familiar with material needed
	Verifies the most suitable position of the patient
	Demonstrates appropriate manual skills
	Solves minor intraprocedural difficulties and complications
	Applies anaesthesia, sedation or analgetics properly if re-
	quired
	Observes and adheres principles of asepsis and maximize
	patient safety during the procedure

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	Applies appropriate peri- and postinterventional monitoring and follow up
	and follow-up
	Arranges the patient transport appropriately
	Interpretes the generated results
	Attitudes:
	Favours collaboration and team work between health pro-
	fessionals
	Demonstrates an empathetic, open, and receptive attitude
	towards patients and/or their relatives
	Engages patients and/or their relatives in developing plans
	that reflect the patient's health care needs and preferences
	Demonstrates professionalism: respect, proactive involve-
	ment, integrity, reliability, collegiality, awareness of own
	limits
	Demonstrates openness to feedback and opinion of others
	Seeks help if needed
6. Information sources	Direct observation
to assess progress	Entrustment based discussion
to dooded progress	
	• Simulation
7. Entrustment/ Super-	Listed procedures of the Catalogue of learning objectives (LZK
vision Level ex-	SGAIM),
pected at the end of	Indirect Supervision (Level 3)
training:	
8. Expiration date	NA

